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Christopher Fox

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Souvenirs de Darmstadt : retour sur la musique contemporaine du dernier demi-siècle

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Article abstract

A participant at the Darmstadt courses as both a student and teacher between 1982 and 1994, British composer Christopher Fox evokes the many friendships he formed in this place. He describes the vitality of the concerts presented at Darmstadt, including performances of his own music, among others. As a result of his experiences, Fox has written extensively on Darmstadt, with particular attention to the Hommel era, which he witnessed from the beginning.

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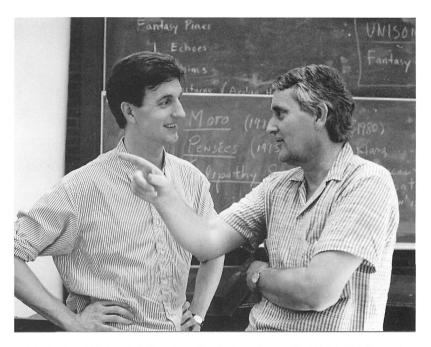
SOUVENIRS

Christopher Fox

1) What do you remember most about Darmstadt?

I went to the *Ferienkurse* for the first time in 1982 as a *'Teilnehmer'* and returned in 1984 and every two years after, until 1994, as a *'Dozent'*, so my memories of the place are complicated and multilayered. The most important memories are of discoveries, of music and of the people associated with it. It was not so much that I heard music there that I could not otherwise encounter but that in the hothouse atmosphere of the *Ferienkurse* the encounter was so much more intense. Particularly in 1982 and 1984, I gathered a host of ideas from Feldman, Grisey and Lachenmann especially, which have been part of my compositional thinking ever since.

In Darmstadt, I formed longstanding friendships with older composers — Walter Zimmermann and Clarence Barlow above all — and with composers of my own generation — Richard Barrett, Rodney Sharman, Linda C. Smith; in later years, relationships with younger composers and performers became more important, and my meeting with Richard Rijnvos and John Snijders, who I first met in Darmstadt in 1990, was of especial importance. Together they had created the Ives Ensemble, a collection of fine young Dutch musicians with whom I have worked ever since. We also shared a huge admiration for the work of Joseph Beuys and for the 'Block Beuys' which is a haunting presence in four rooms of the Hessisches Landesmuseum in the centre of Darmstadt.



Christopher Fox: "This is a photo from the 1988 *Ferienkurse*. I am on the left, Friedrich Hommel on the right. Apart from reminding me that I once looked as young as that, I like it because it catches Friedrich's extraordinary benevolent energy, the force that drove the courses through the 80's and 90's and reestablished them as an important centre for new music. I also like the fact that although I have just finished lecturing on my own work, none of the titles on the blackboard behind us are of my music – indeed there are at least two different composers' handwriting there, evidence of the production line of composer presentations that were also a feature of the Hommel years. It has always seemed to me that the people who complained about the proliferation of guest composers' during the 1982-1994 period, and would have liked a more exclusive focus on their work, tended to be those composers whose work lacked the distinctiveness necessary to survive in a more pluralist environment."

While I was involved in the *Ferienkurse*, Darmstadt was a sort of measuring stick in my life. Every two years I knew that I had to have some good new pieces for the concert series and had to be able to explain what I was doing to a fiercely critical audience in the lecture room. I loved being in an artistic climate where music generated such controversy and the response to my own works in concert — usually an invigorating mixture of cheers and boos — was a good measure of my success in treading the aesthetic path I had mapped out. I cannot imagine what my life as a composer would have been like without those seven biennial occasions when I was in Darmstadt for more or less all of the courses.

And I drank a lot of beer, enjoyed long breakfasts with my colleagues in the Hotel Maritim, ate lots of terrible food in the Georg-Büchner Schule, and

spent many sunny afternoons (when I should have been listening to my colleagues) at the open air swimming pool just across the car park from the school.

2) What does Darmstadt mean to you today?

I last went to Darmstadt in 1996, first to attend the opening of the exhibition Von Kranichstein zur Gegenwart (I was an editor of the book which accompanied the exhibition) and then for a weekend at the Ferienkurse to hear Hans-Ola Eriksson perform my organ music. My engagement with Darmstadt today is primarily historical. I have always been a composer who enjoyed writing about music as well as making it and before working on Von Kranichstein zur Gegenwart I had made a series of radio programmes for BBC Radio 3 on European avant-garde music in the period between 1945 and 1961, Music after Zero Hour, in which Darmstadt inevitably took centre stage. For a 1997 conference at the University of Mainz I wrote the paper "Darmstadt und der Mythos Modernismus" and for Contemporary Music Review I wrote an article on early Nono, in which Darmstadt also featured.

So I have become known as some sort of Darmstadt scholar. My presence throughout the Hommel Era means that I too am now part of the Ferienkurse's history, especially as I wrote articles about the courses in 1982, '84 and '86 and now I can observe (and occasionally participate in) the gradual formation of a Darmstadt history which is more or less congruent with my recollections of what the *Ferienkurse* were like between 1982 and 1994.

Inevitably, the period after 1996 is not so interesting for me. After 1988, I think I had experienced enough Darmstadt not to need any more, although it was always a pleasure to be invited back, and I did feel distinct withdrawal pains in July 1998 when my compositional clock told me I should be in Darmstadt. I recommended a number of my students to go instead and kept in touch that way. I have also kept in occasional contact with Wilhelm Schlüter and on the European new music circuit there are always stories about who's in, who's out, what's happening. I have the sense that the Darmstadt I experienced was more anarchic than it is now but as long as Darmstadt continues to provide opportunities for musicians to get together and share music and ideas about music it will continue to be important.

Detailansicht				
Bahnhof/Haltestelle	Datum	Zeit	Gleis	Produkte
Darmstadt Hbf	26.02.05	ab 08:16	10	🛱 <u>ICE 1646</u>
Saarbrücken Hbf	26.02.05	an 10:08	5	
Saarbrücken Hbf	26.02.05	ab 10:48	2	RE 23960
Metz Ville	26.02.05	an 11:50		
Metz Ville	26.02.05	ab 11:58		<u>4232</u>
Lyon Part Dieu	26.02.05	an 16:55		<u>4233</u>
Lyon Part Dieu	26.02.05	ab 17:55		RE 86783
St-Etienne-Chateauc.	26.02.05	an 18:44		<u>RE 86782</u>
St-Etienne-Chateauc.	26.02.05	ab 19:23		RE 73340
Montbrison	26.02.05	an 19:59		
Dauer: 11:43; fährt nicht täglich	, 26. Feb bis	11. Jun 20)05 Sa	

Ubg.: Forbach(fr)

Image envoyée par Brice Pauset, 2005.